

Near-Infrared Spectroscopy: Analytical Applications, Research and Process Control



Open-Minded

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Outline of the Presentation

- **Introduction**
- **Some qualitative aspects of NIR spectroscopy**
- **Selected research and quality/process control applications by NIR spectroscopy**
- **Miniaturization**
- **Conclusions**

Today NIR Spectroscopy is Ubiquitous

- Agriculture
- Food
- Chemistry
- Polymers
- Petrochemistry
- Pharmaceuticals
- Medicine
- Environment
- Geology

This is also reflected in the number of globally sold units (2011):

near-IR: ~ 8500 (~ \$ Mil 225)

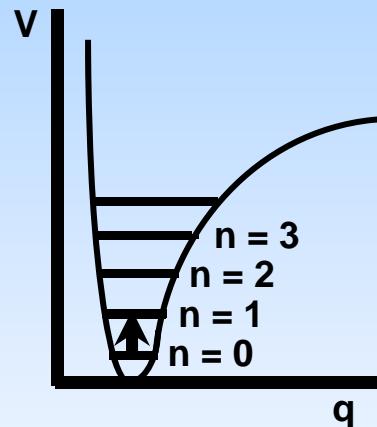
mid-IR: ~ 10000 (~ \$ Mil 450)

Notwithstanding these facts there is still a lot of persuading to do.

The Principles of MIR \Leftrightarrow NIR



MID-INFRARED

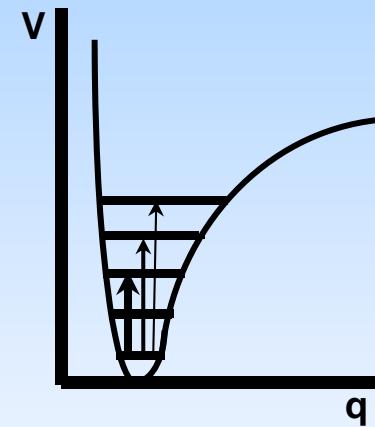


FUNDAMENTALS
 $4000 - 400 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
 $2.5 - 25 \mu\text{m}$

$$\frac{\partial \mu}{\partial q} \neq 0$$

**ALL POLAR
FUNCTIONALITIES**

NEAR-INFRARED



OVERTONES/COMBINATIONS
 $12500 - 4000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
 $0.8 - 2.5 \mu\text{m}$

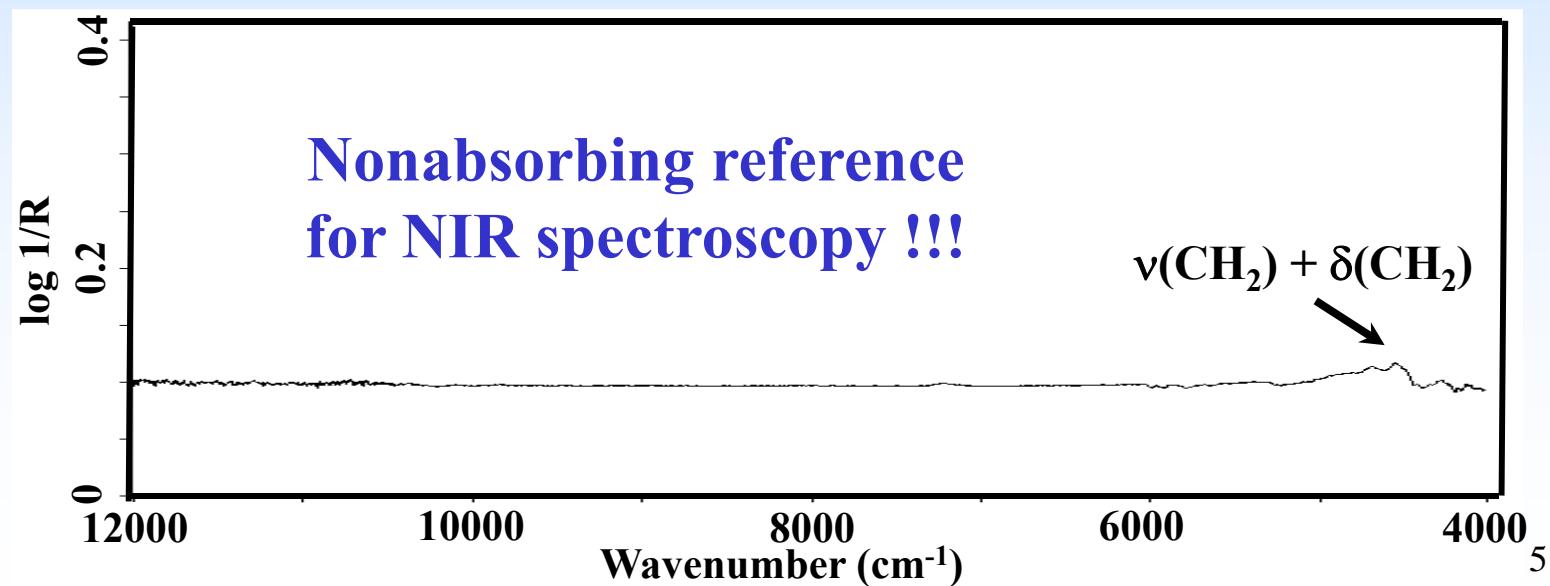
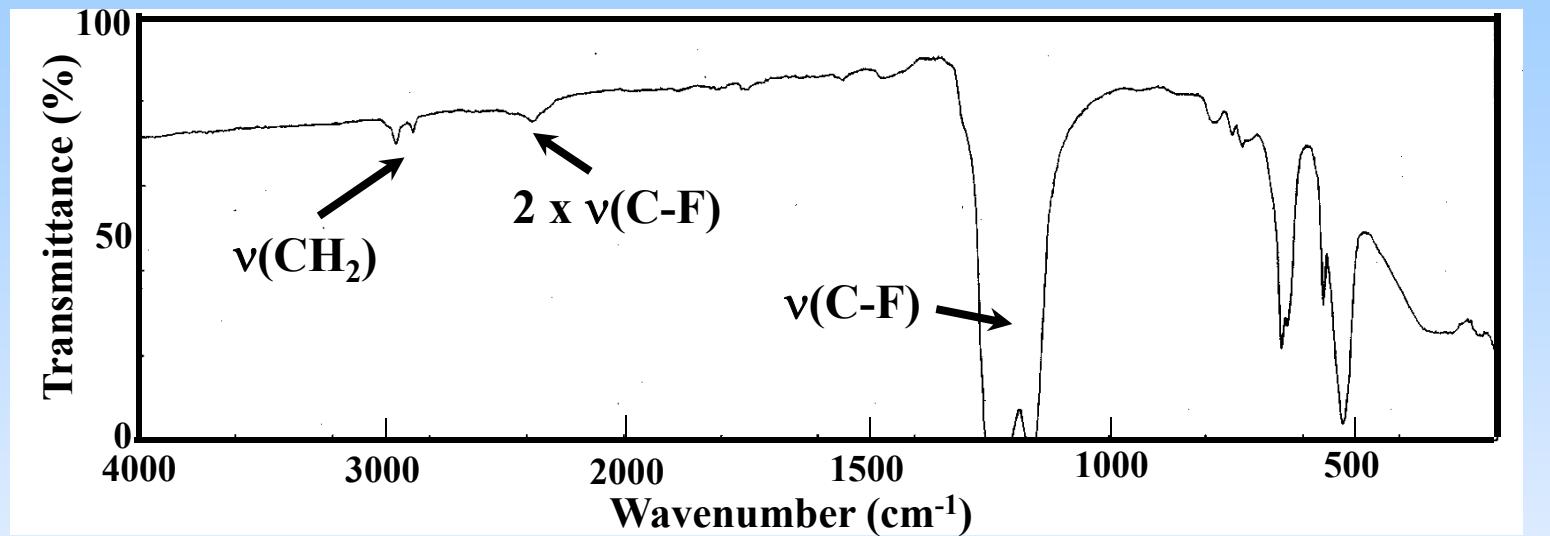
$$\frac{\partial \mu}{\partial q} \neq 0 / \text{ANHARMONICITY}$$

$$m_2 \ll m_1$$

**CH / OH / NH
FUNCTIONALITIES**

The Most Striking Case: MIR \leftrightarrow NIR

$-(CF_2-CF_2)_n -$ (Teflon TM)

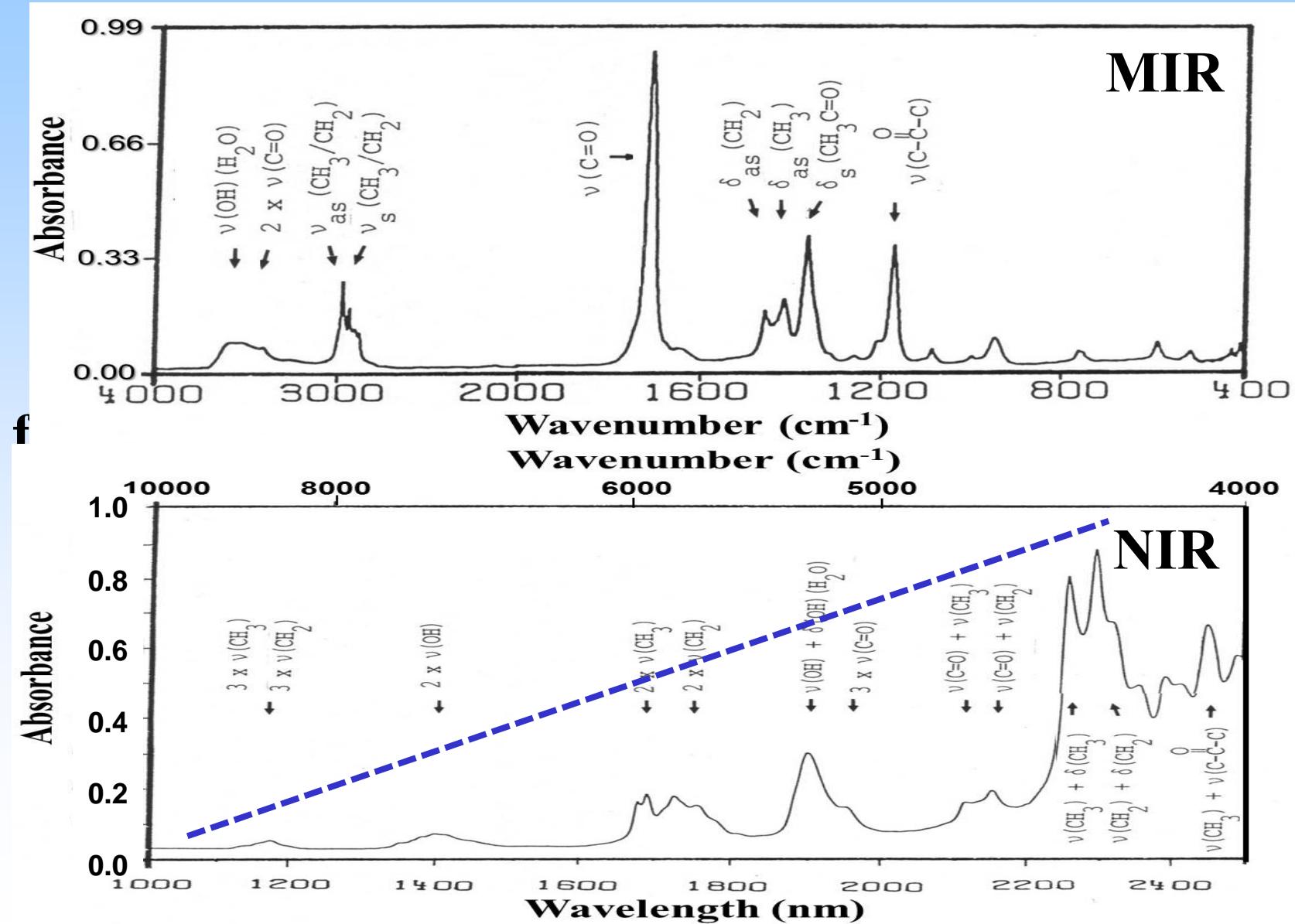


Outline of the Presentation

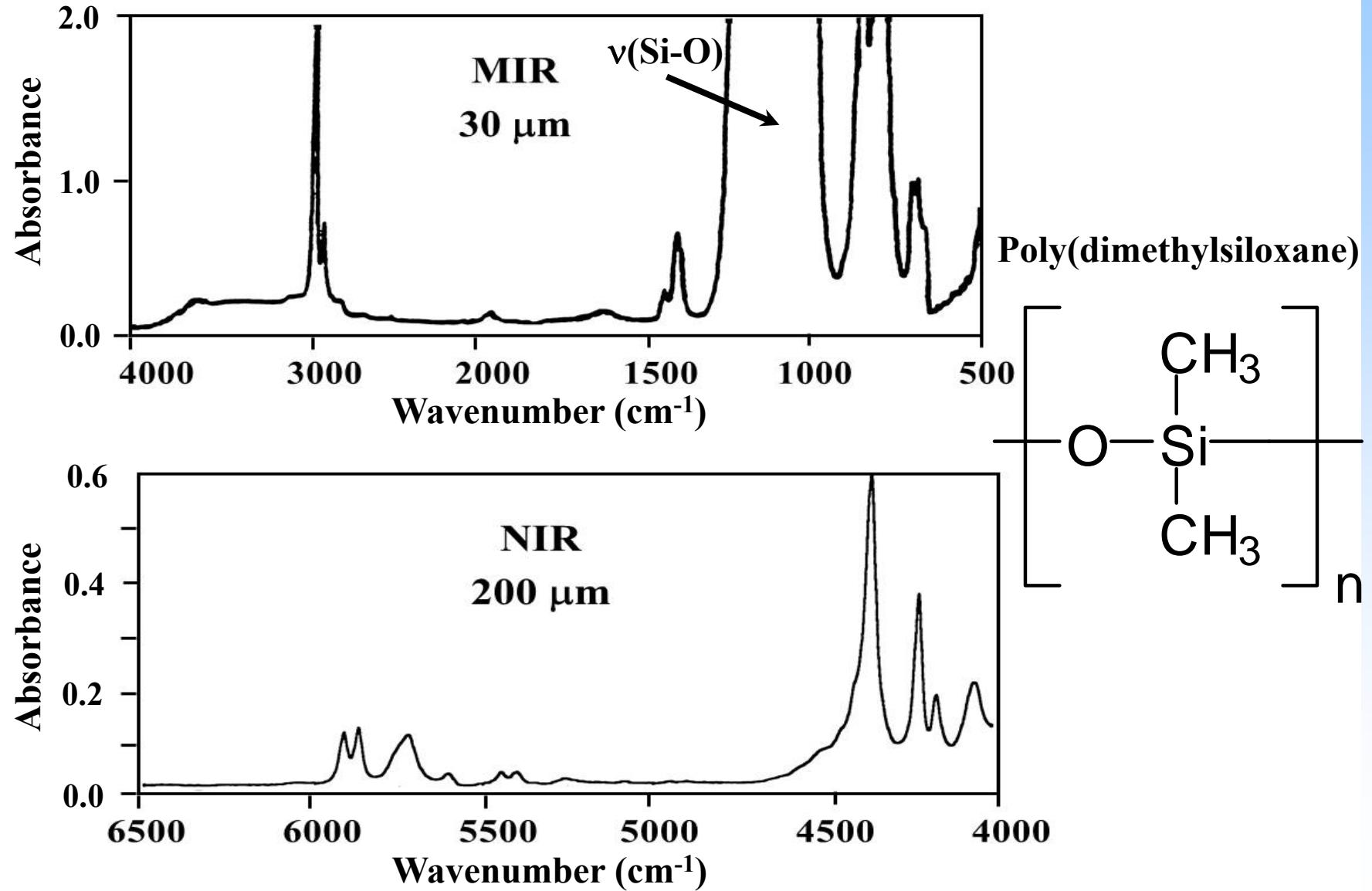
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Interpretation of MIR/NIR Spectra

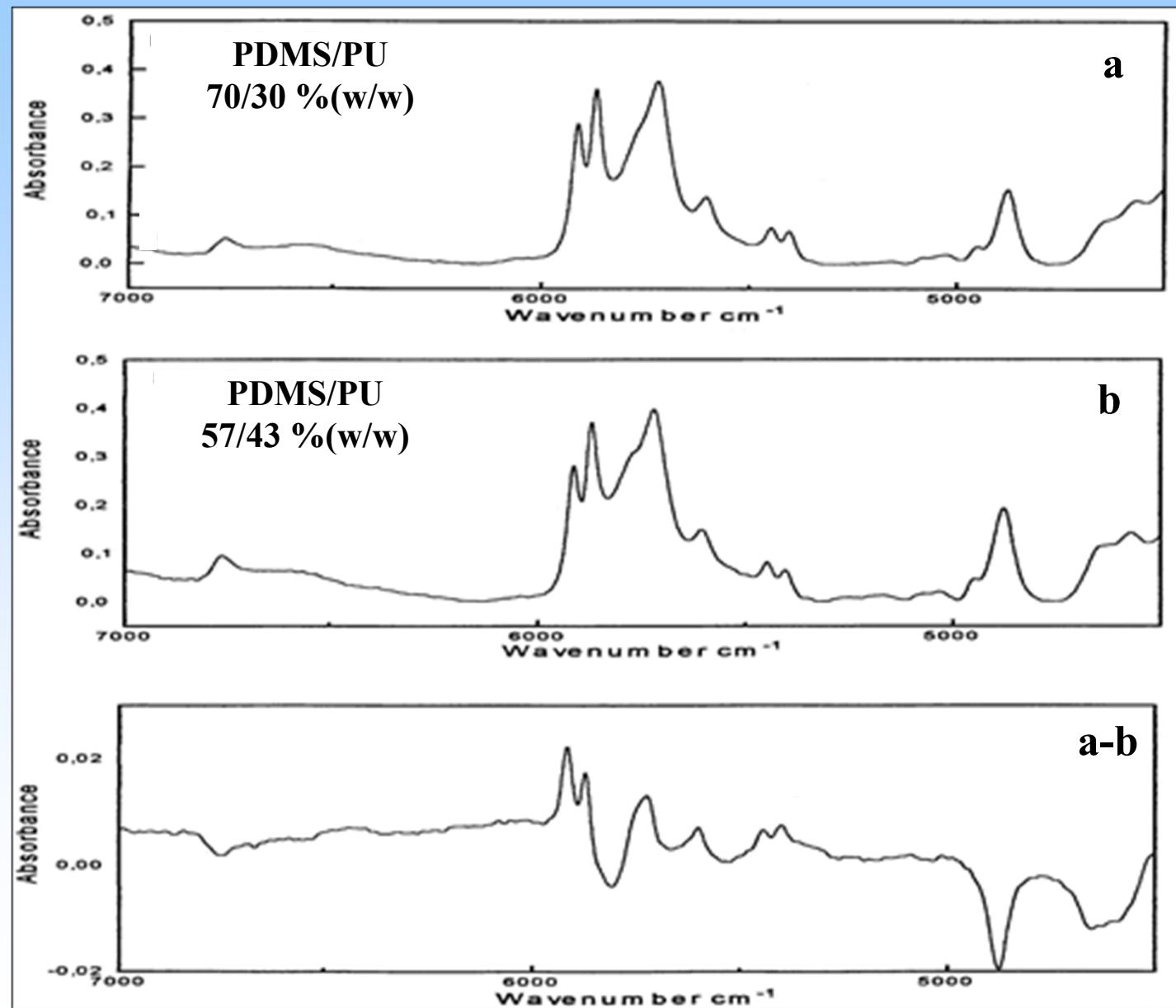
$(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COCH}_3 + 5\% \text{ H}_2\text{O})$



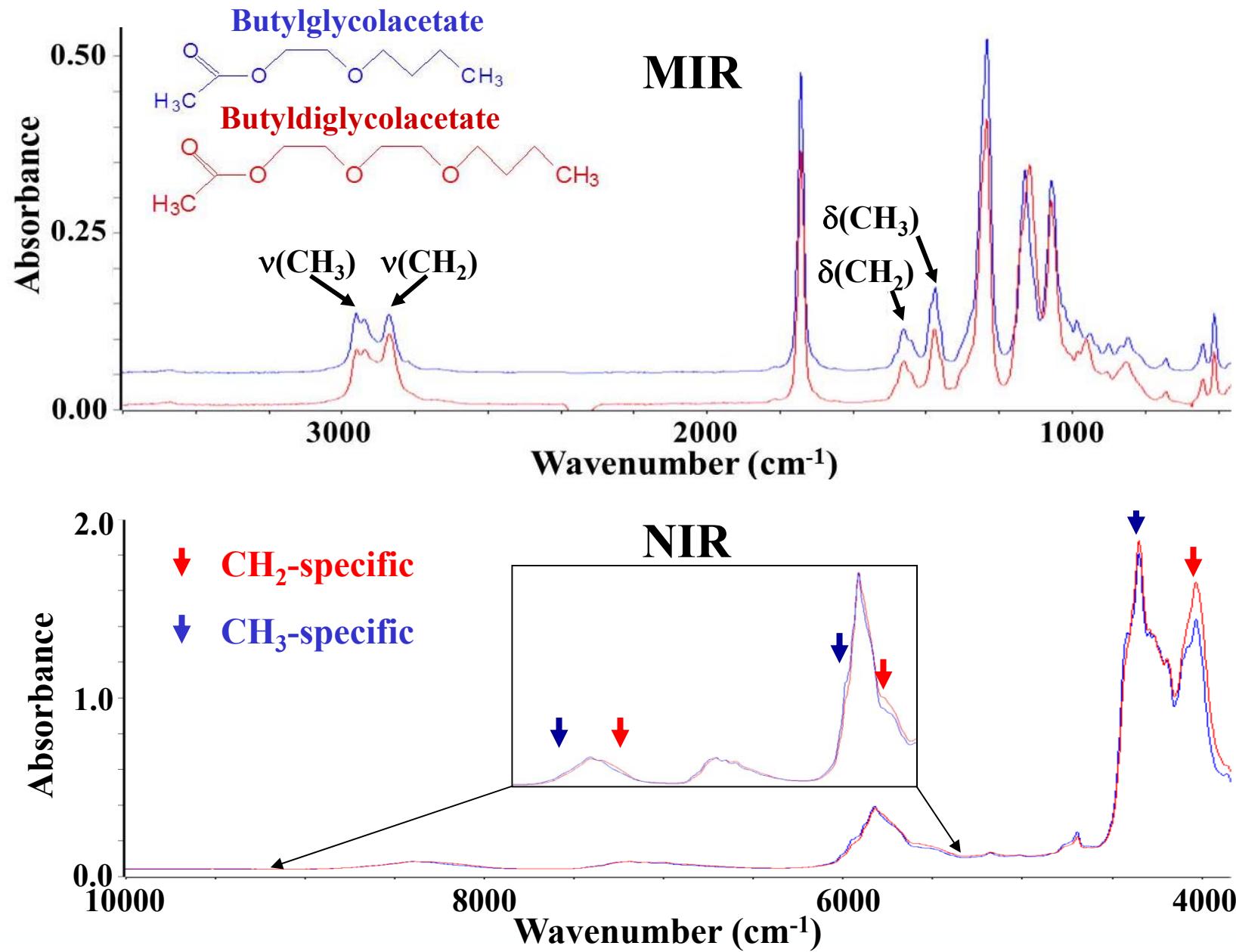
“NIR spectra have only broad absorption bands“



Interpretive Aspects of NIR Spectra



Interpretive Aspects of MIR/NIR Spectra



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Driving Forces for the Implementation of NIR

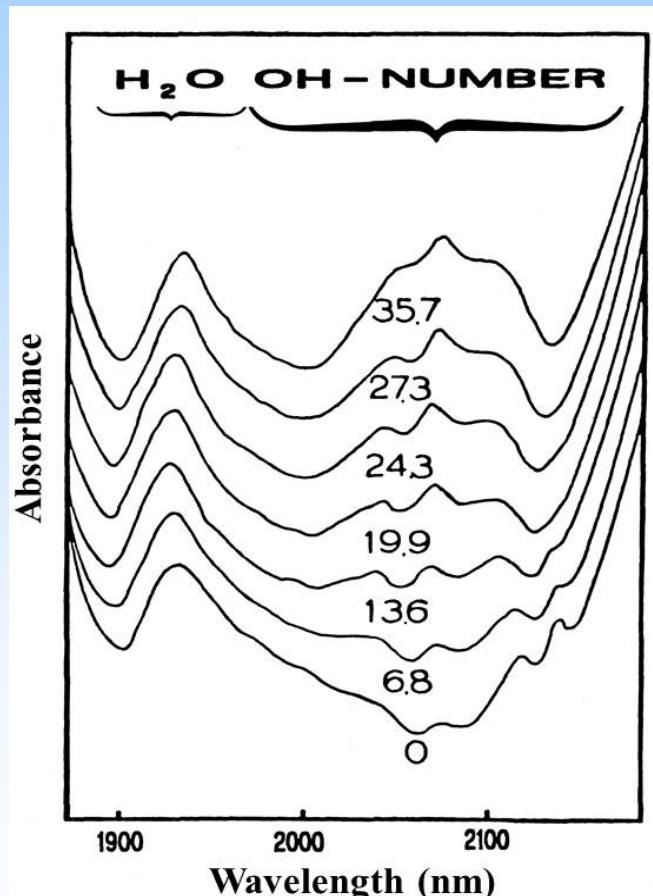
The acceptance of NIR-spectroscopy for research and quality/process control has steadily increased because of:

- ... occasionally higher selectivity than MIR
- ... time savings in comparison to other analytical techniques
- ... simplified or no sample handling of toxic samples
- ... measurement flexibility in hostile environments
- ... speed of data acquisition

The following exemplary applications will demonstrate the versatility of NIR spectroscopy for these applications.

Organic OH-Functionality \leftrightarrow H₂O

Contrary to MIR spectroscopy in the NIR spectra the bands of organic OH-groups are separated from the water bands.



NIR spectra of a polyether with different OH-number

This is of importance for polymer quality control applications:

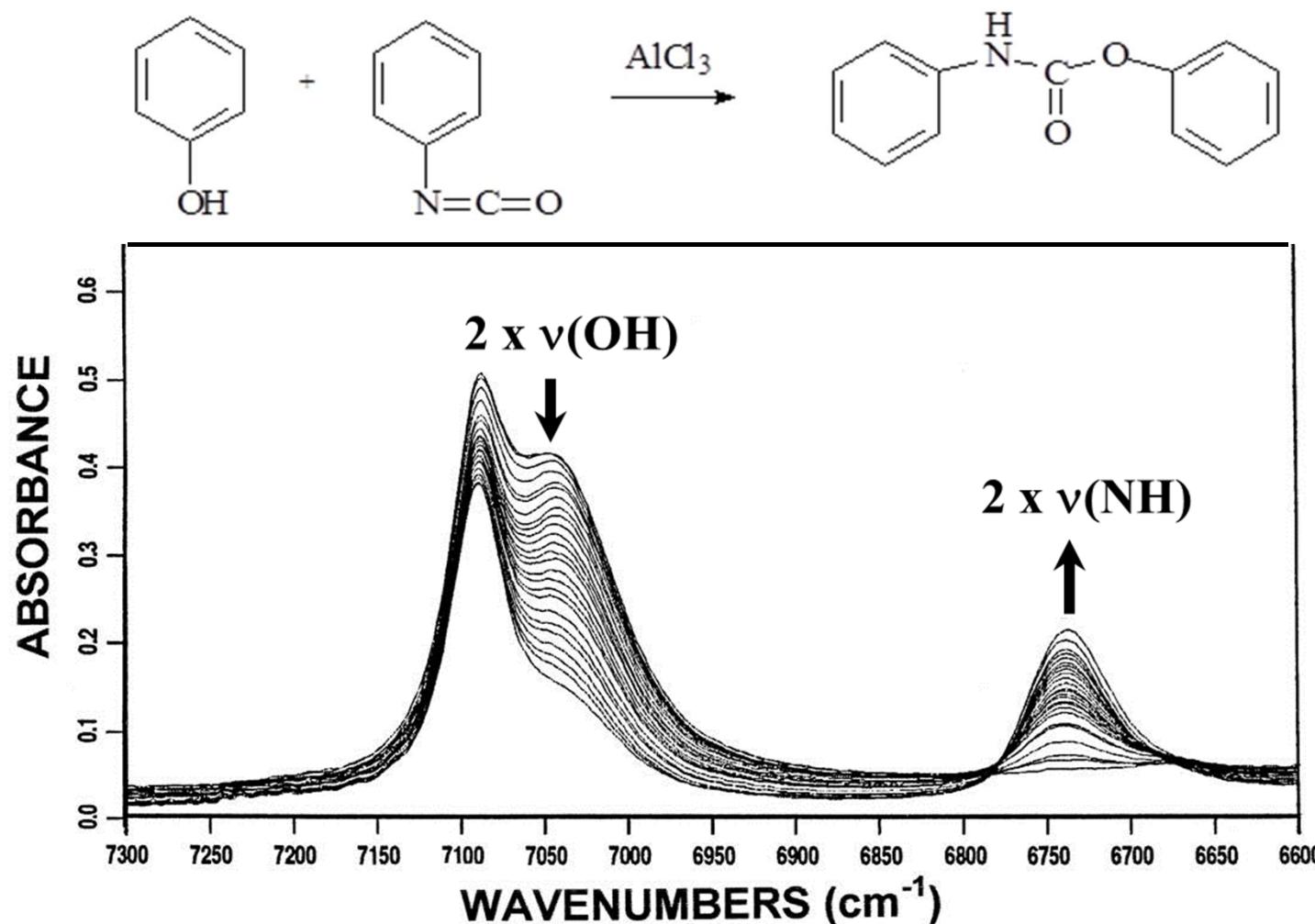
Simultaneous determination of OH-number and water content.

How can you discriminate:

Upon peracetylation the band of the organic OH-group disappears.

OH/NH-Functionalities

Contrary to MIR spectroscopy in the NIR spectra the bands of organic OH- and NH-groups are separated.



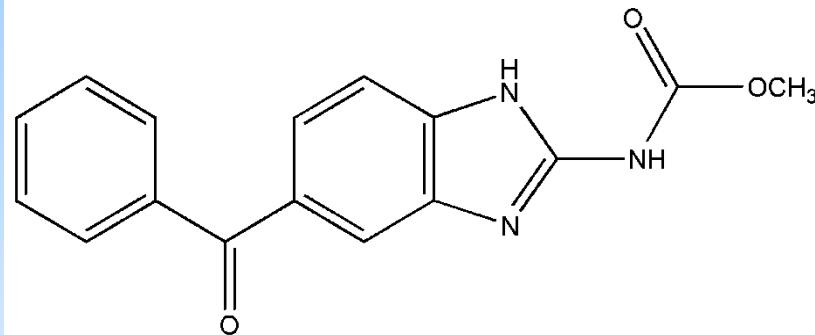
Polymorphism ⇔ Pharmaceutical Industry

- Polymorphism is the ability of a substance to exist in two or more crystalline forms.
- More than half of the drug substances described in monographs crystallize in more than one solid form.
- Solid state properties of active ingredients have a direct impact on: bioavailability/quality/efficacy safety/patent situation
- What analytical techniques are available for the rapid discrimination of different polymorphs ?

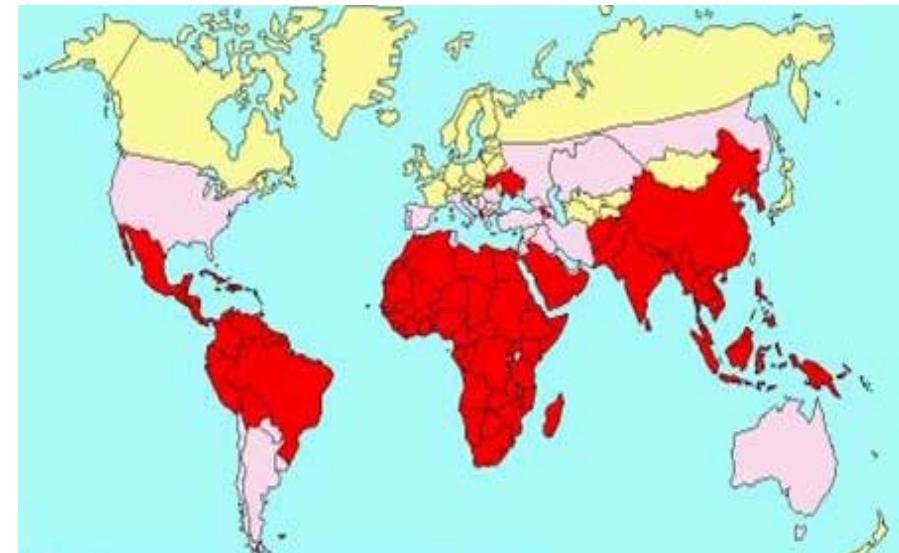
A Case Study of Polymorphism in a Pharmaceutical Active

(cooperation with A. P. Ayala, Fortaleza, Brazil)

Mebendazole

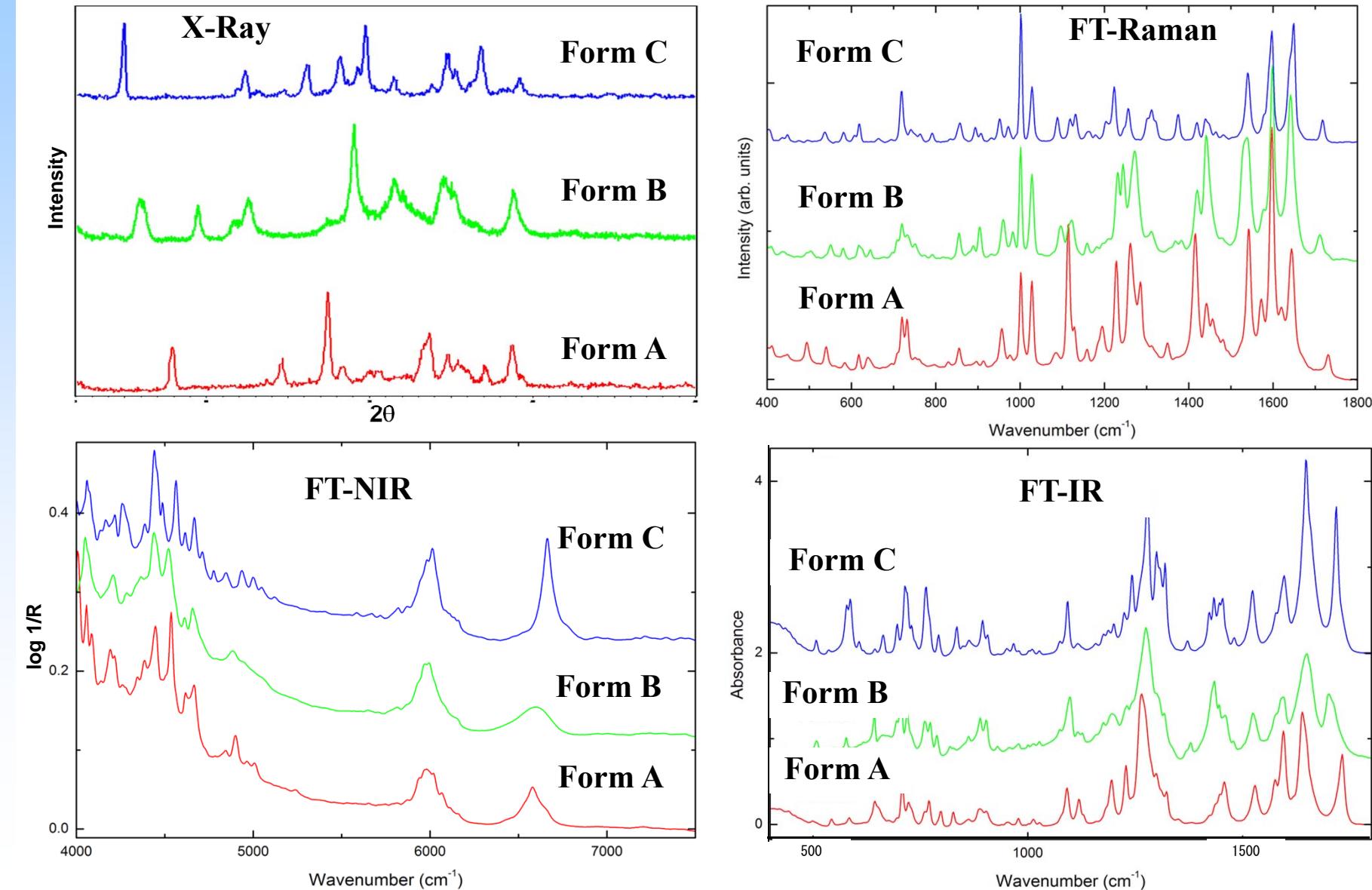


- Broad-spectrum anthelmintic against worms
- Three polymorphs (A, B, C): solubility **B > C > A**
- Therapeutic trials: **A is inactive**
Publications: **B is toxic**
- **polymorph C is pharmaceutically preferred**
- **USP test is not able to distinguish between forms A and C.**



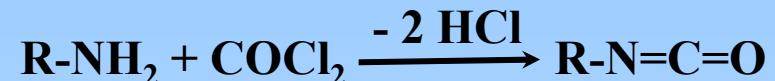
WHO estimates that one quarter of the world's population is infected with one or more of the parasites.

Detection of Polymorphism in Mebendazole: X-Ray Diffraction, Raman, NIR and MIR Spectroscopy



Analysis of Phosgene in o-Dichlorobenzene Solutions

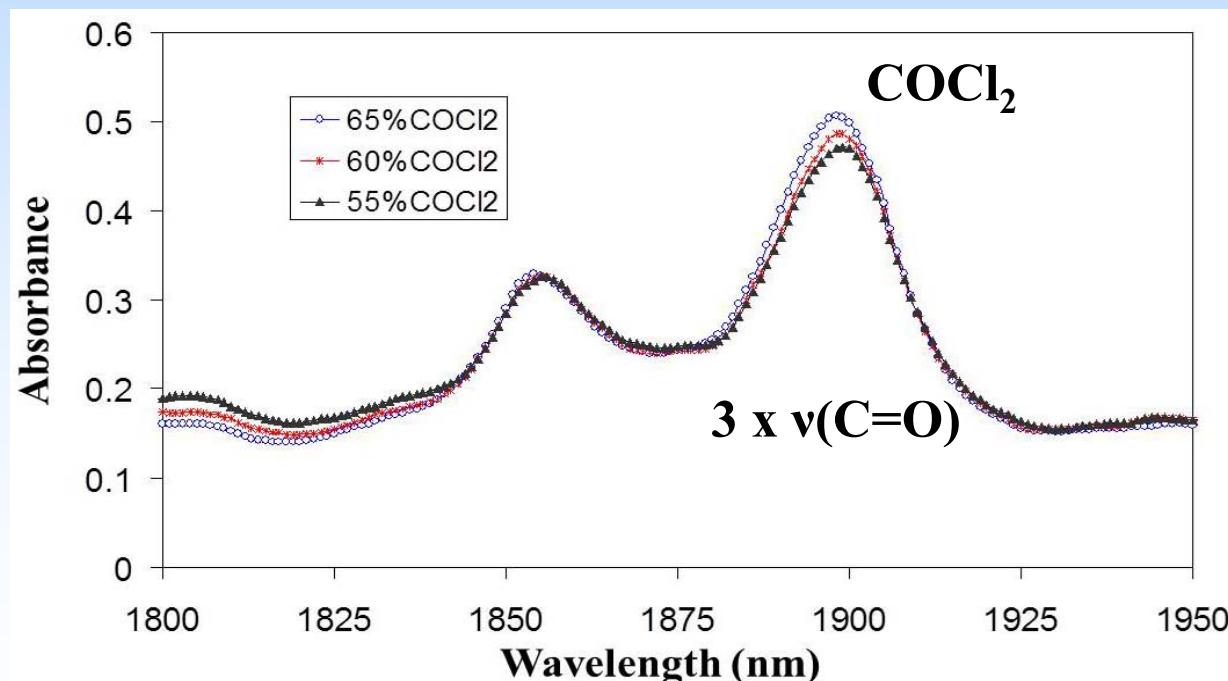
Phosgene (COCl_2) is used extensively in the production of isocyanates:



Synthesis:



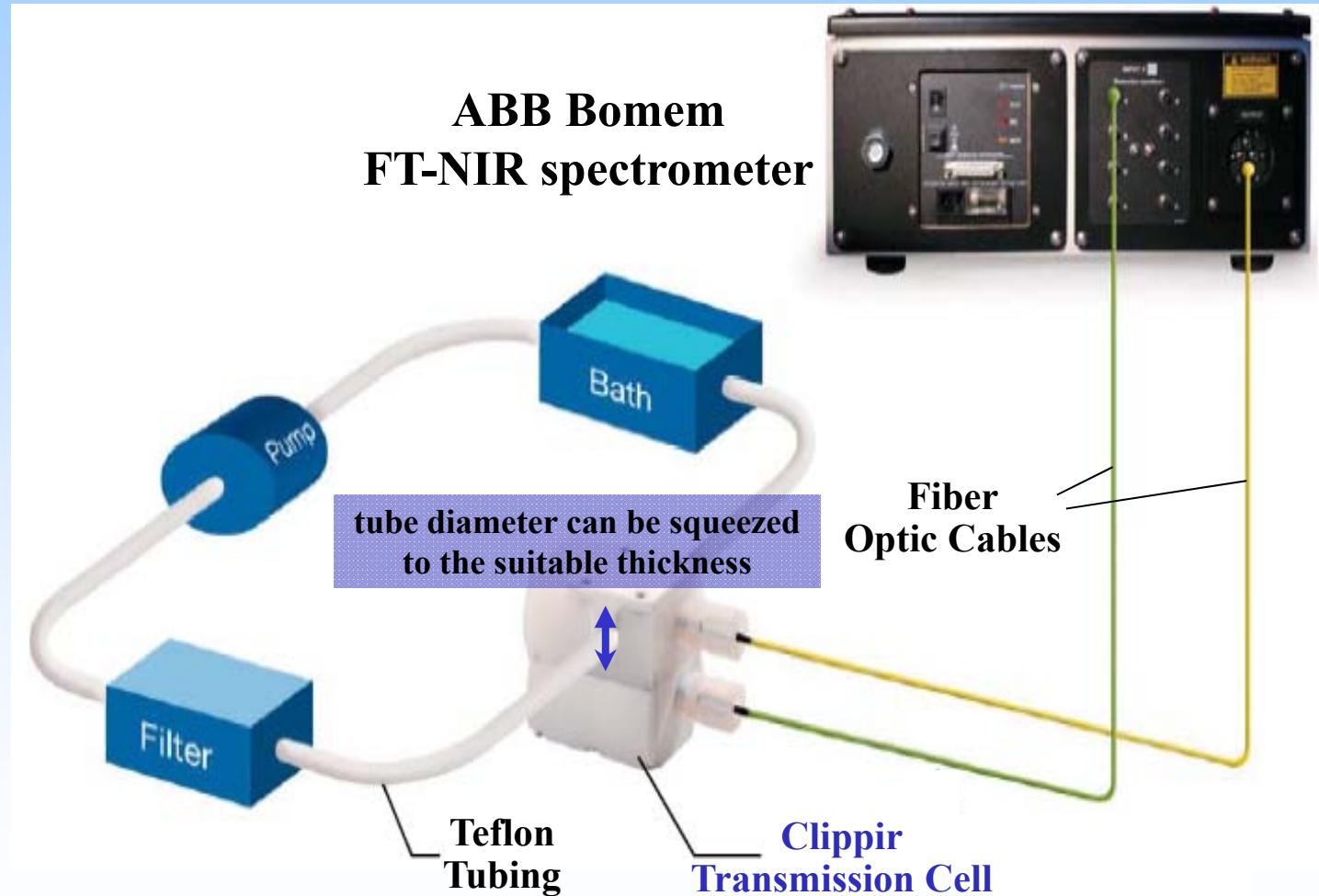
Because it is a highly toxic gas, it had to be analyzed off-line under extreme precaution measures (gas mask etc.)



NIR in-line control has alleviated the situation significantly. ¹⁸

NIR-Spectroscopic On/In-Line Determination of HF and HNO₃ in Si Wafer Etching Solutions of the Semiconductor Industry

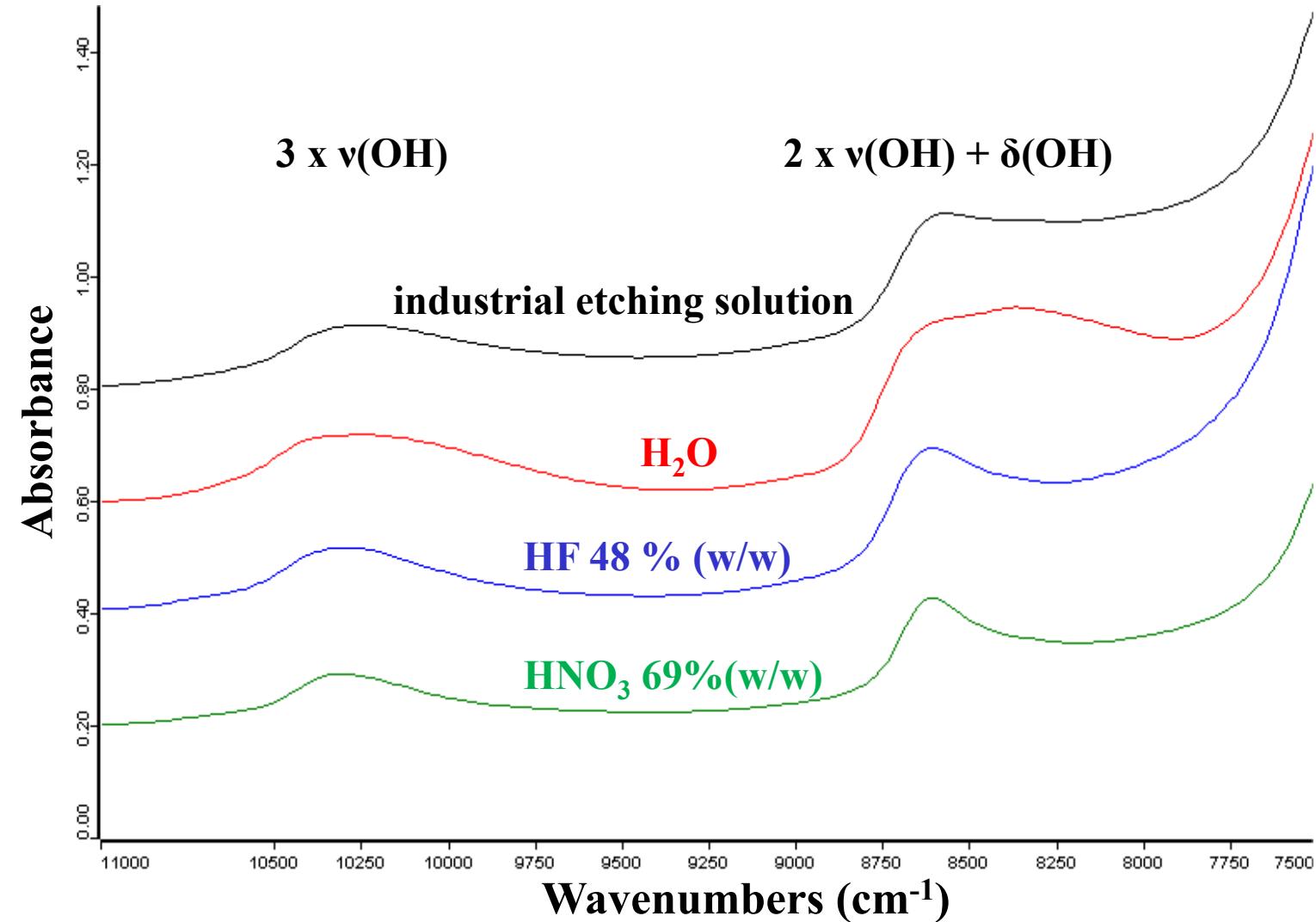
The etching solution is circulated in an all-Teflon™ closed loop.



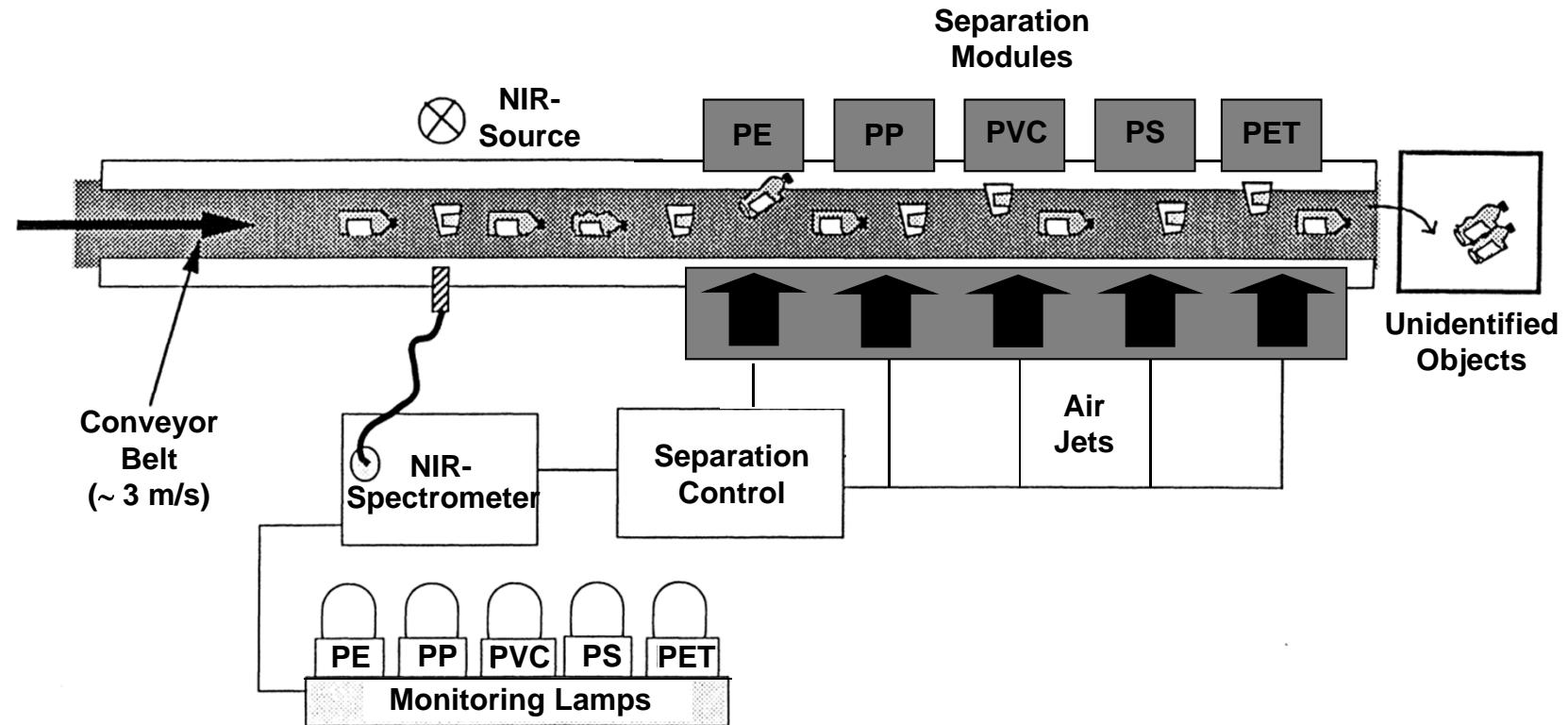
Teflon is transparent in the NIR.

The Spectral Calibration Range

Aquaphotomics !!!



Polymer Recycling by NIR Spectroscopy



Approximately 95% of the polymer waste is correctly identified.

No other technique could cope with this task.

On-Line Control of Pharmaceutical Processes by NIR Spectroscopy

- **In a Continuous Mixer (Blend Uniformity)**
- **On the Tablet Press (Content Uniformity)**

- **256 Diode Array**
- **Wavelength Range: 1100 – 2100 nm**
- **Integration time: typical: 3 -10 ms**
- **Background: Spectralon**

VisioNIR **VI SIOTEC**

Technical Information: Continuous Mixer

- Continuous Mixer: KM5
Lödige GmbH, Paderborn, Germany
- Flow Rate: 10 - 300 kg/h
- Dwell Time: 10-30 s

Side View



Front View



light fiber optics behind
sapphire window

Technical Information: Tablet Press

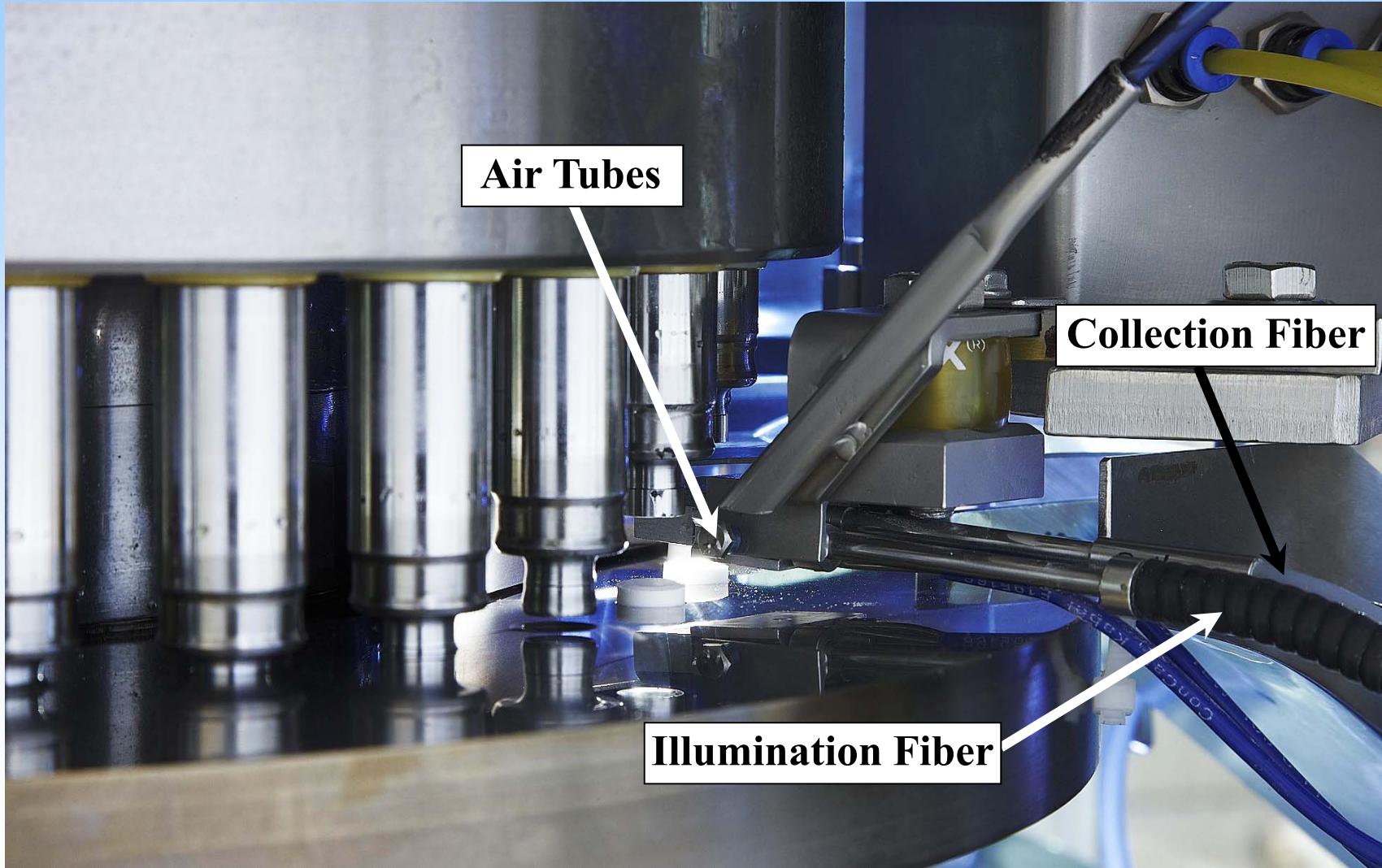
- **Tablet Press:** Fette 102i
Fette Compacting, Schwarzenbek, Germany
- **Tableting Velocity:** 18.000 – 216.000 Tab/h (-120 Rot./min)
Standard: 150.000 Tab/h (80 Rot./min)
- **Time between Tablets:** app. 18 - 50 ms (20 - 55 Hz)



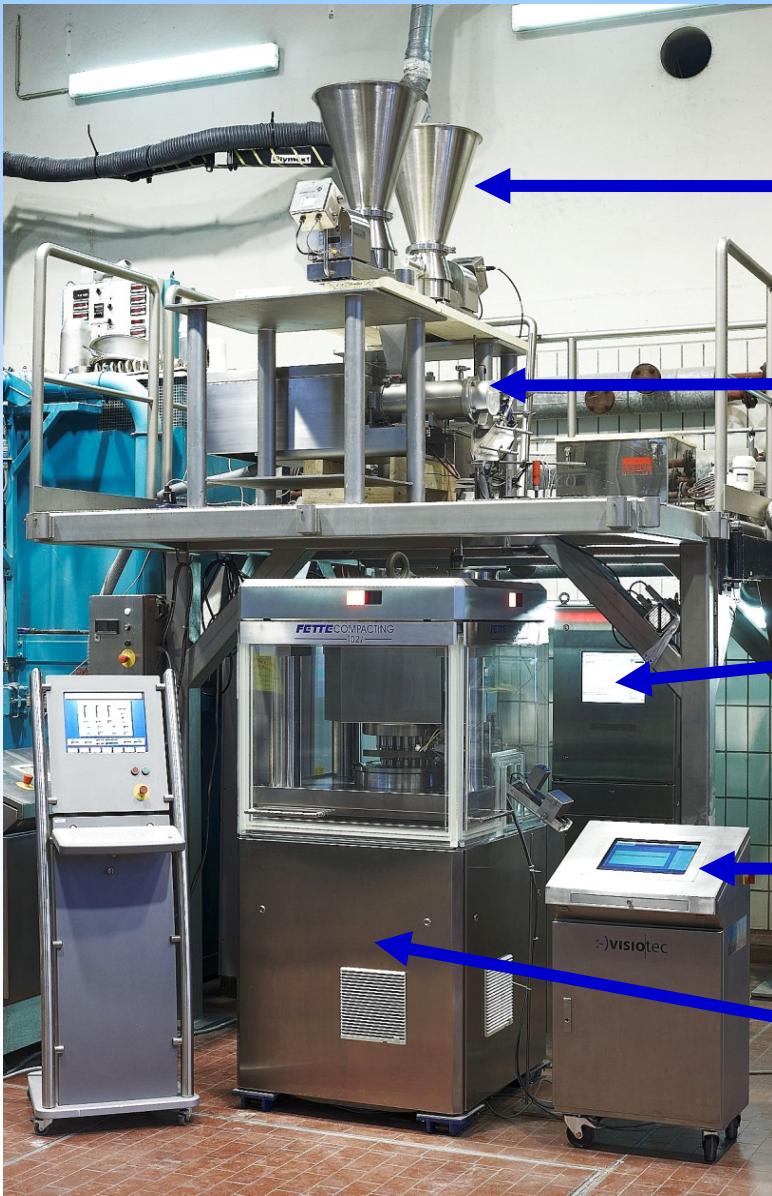
The VisioNIR Fiber Probe for the Tablet Press



Implementation of the VisioNIR Probe into the Tablet Press



The Overall Test Set-Up



Dosing Head (Schenk)

Continuous Mixer (Lödige)

VisioNIR for Mixer (VisioTec)

VisioNIR for Tablet Press (VisioTec)

Tablet Press (Fette)

Method Development for the Mixer

Investigated Formulation

25%
Paracetamol

74%
Lactose

1%
MgSt

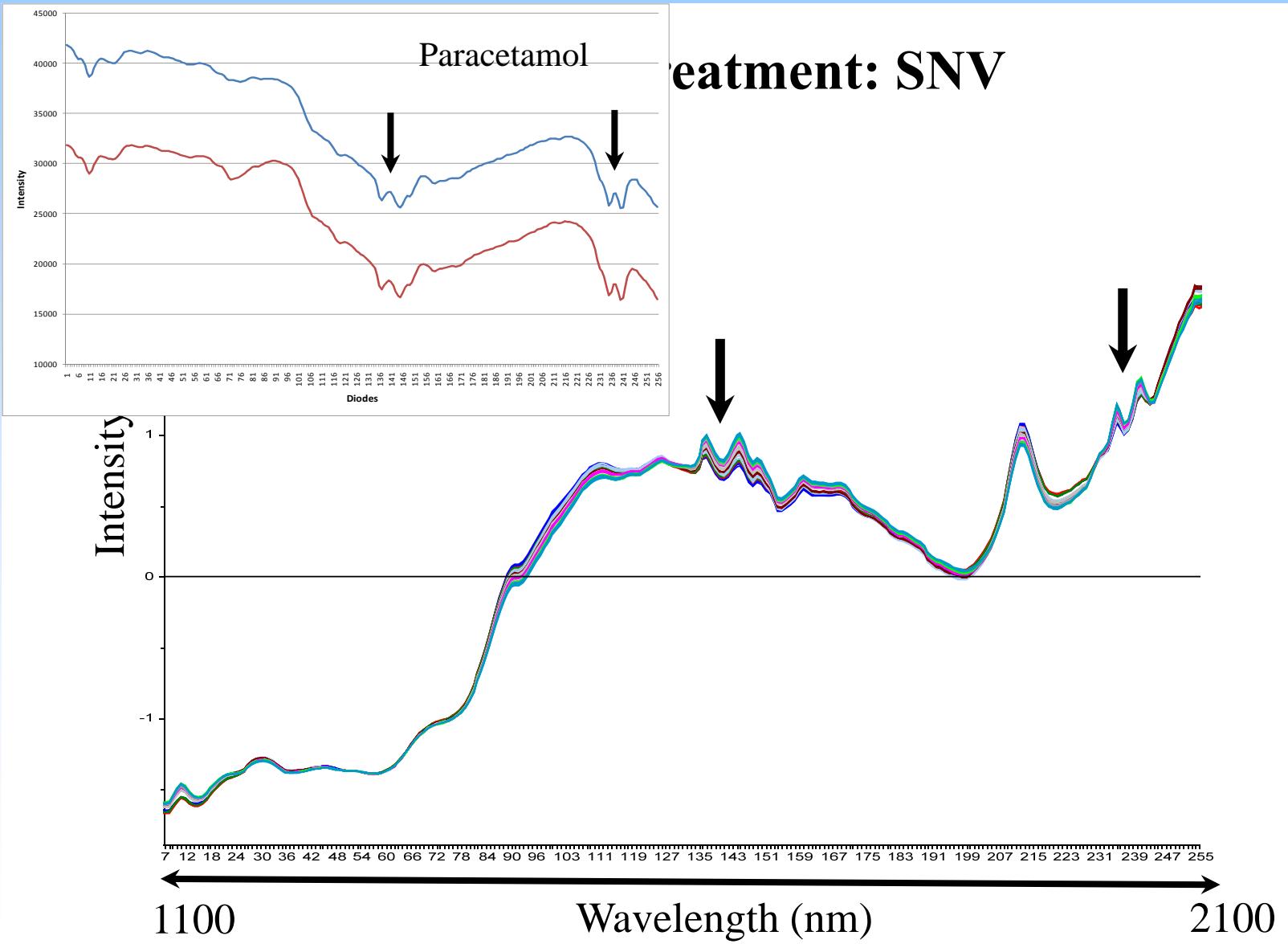
On-line monitoring of the mixed powders with the typical process variations

API content in the specified range (e.g. 20 - 30%, target content was 25%)

NIR spectra acquisition of the mixed product in 1% intervals (20 - 30%)

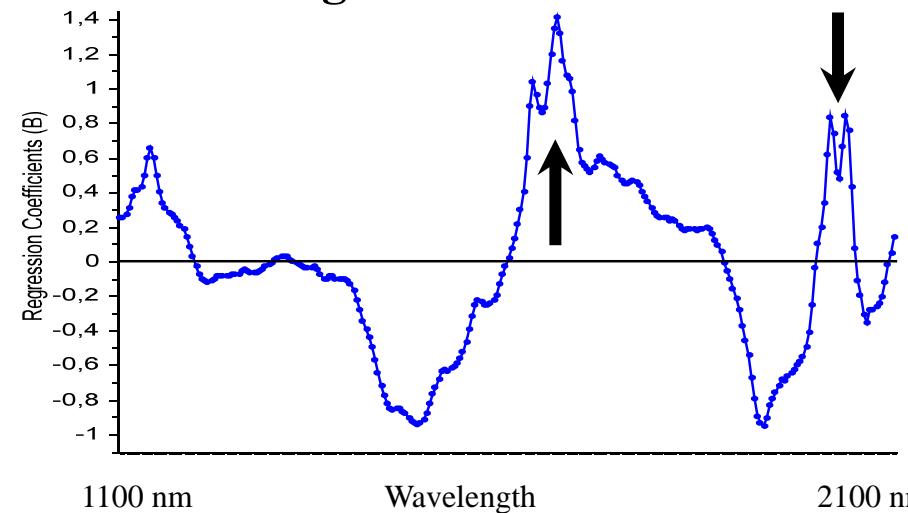
Sampling for Reference Analysis (UV)

NIR Spectra of the Powder from Mixer

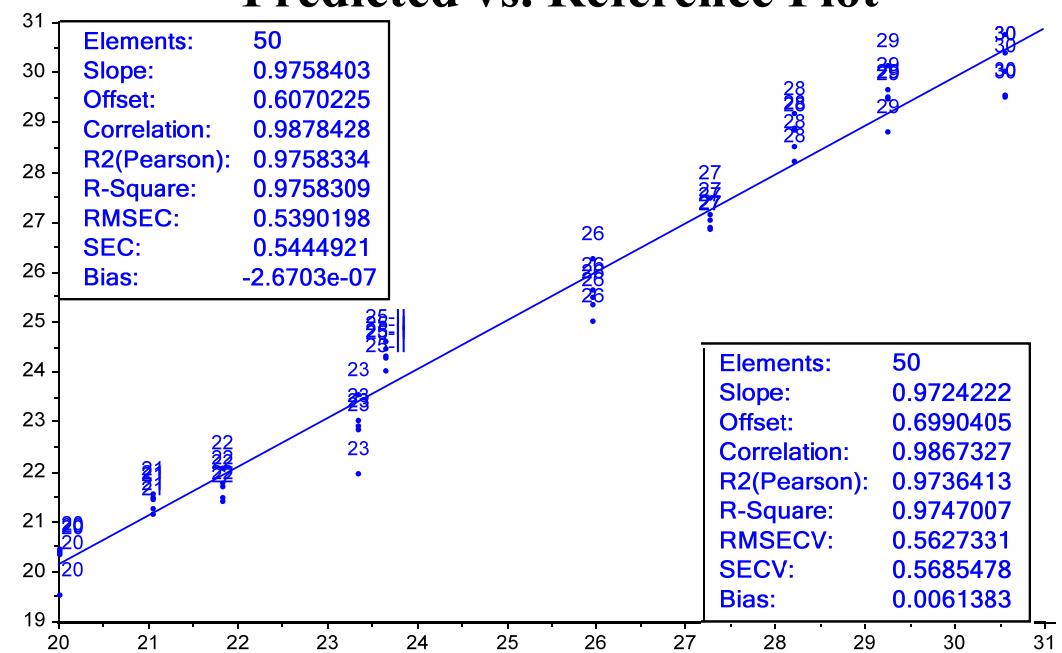


PLS Model for Active Ingredient (Mixer)

Regression Coefficient



Predicted vs. Reference Plot



Method Development for the Tablet Press

Investigated Formulation

25%
Paracetamol

74%
Lactose

1%
MgSt

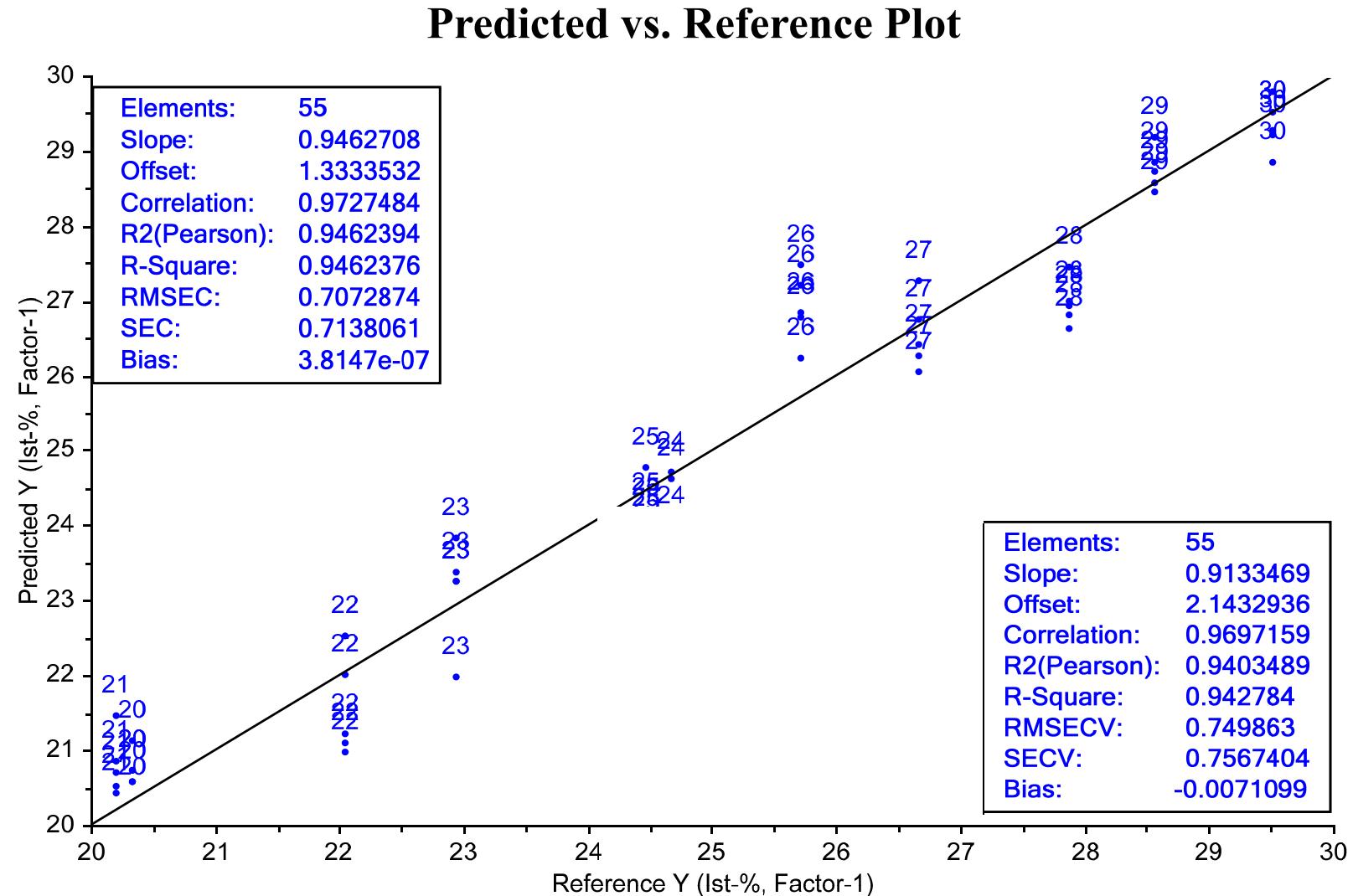
On-line monitoring of the compressed tablets with the typical process variations and variation of the compression force and the tableting speed

API content in the specified range between 20 - 30% (target content 25%)

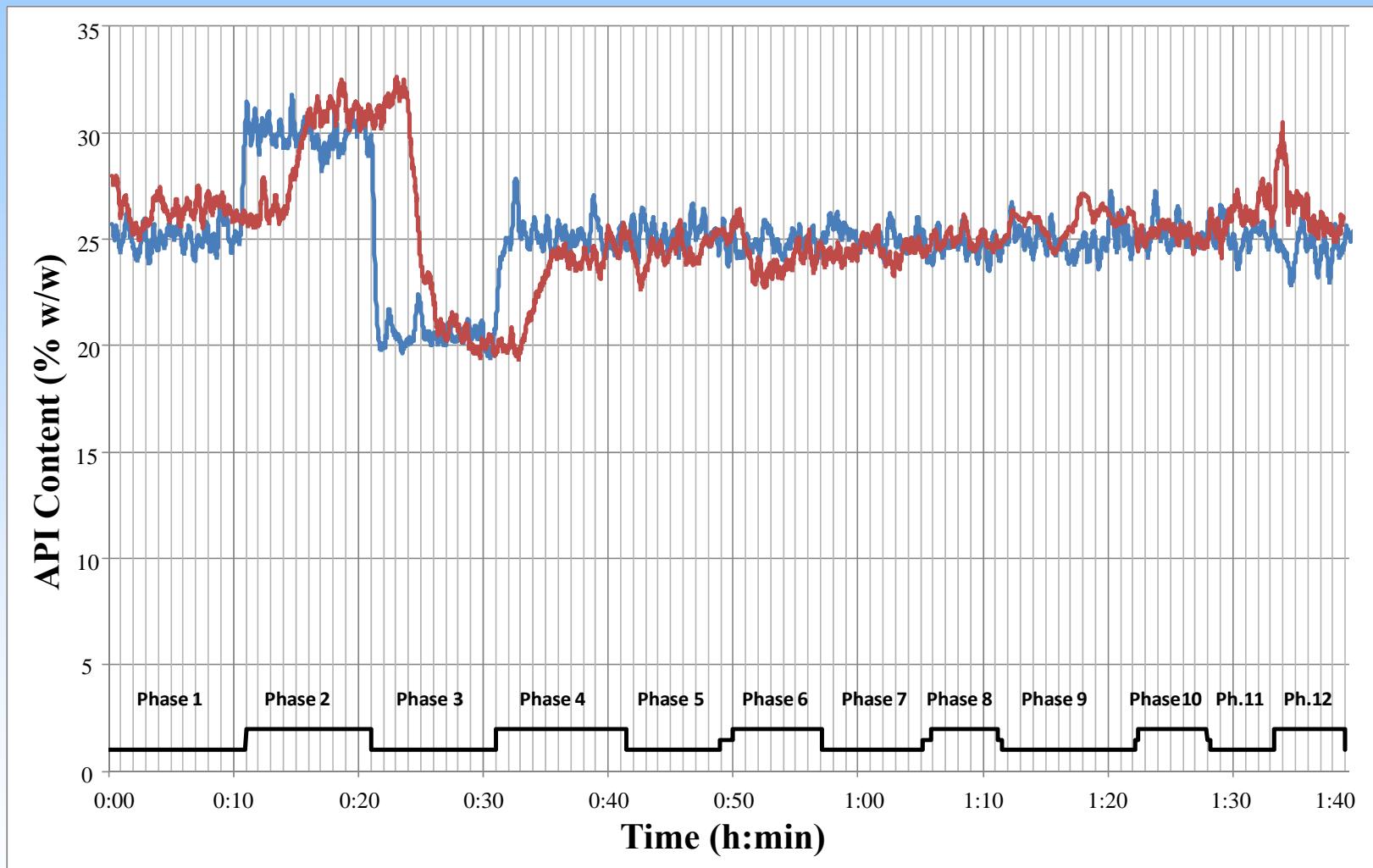
NIR spectra acquisition of tablets with API contents 20 - 30% (1% intervals)

Sampling for Reference Analysis (UV)

PLS Model for Active Ingredient (Tablet Press)



Prediction of the API During the Test Run



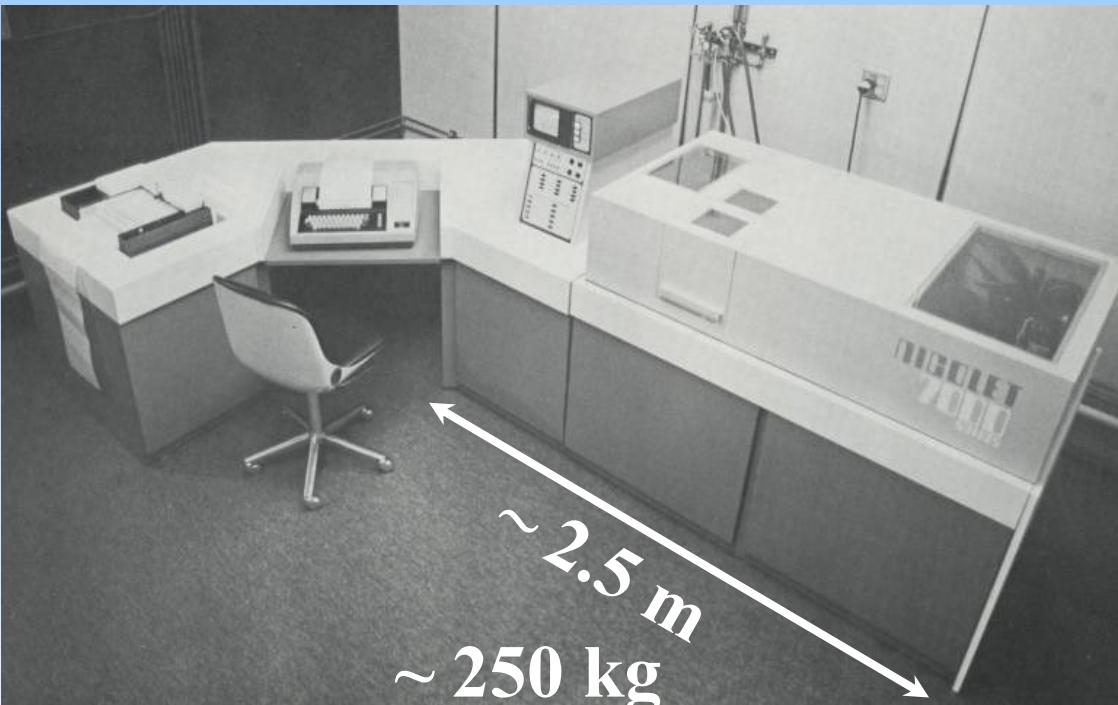
Continuous Mixer / Tablet Press

RMSEP > 1%

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Miniaturization of IR/NIR-Spectrometers 1975 → 2015



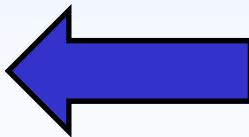
Nicolet FT-IR
1975



VIAVI Solutions
(formerly JDSU)
2015



On-Site
Analysis



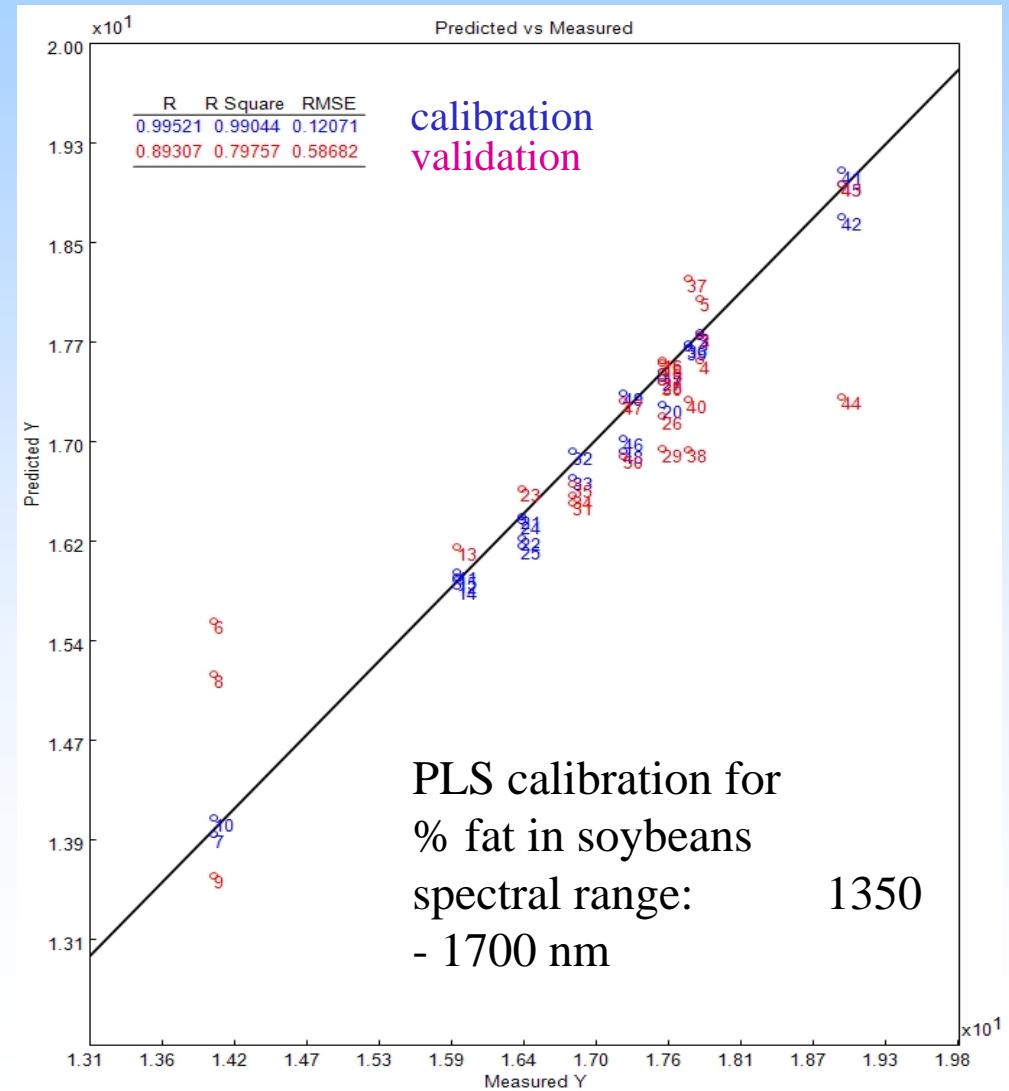
Further New Development



Preliminary Specifications

Wavelength Coverage	1.35-1.65μm 1.75-2.15μm
Noise of Absorption	< 50μA
Wavelength Accuracy	±0.2nm
Device-to-Device Repeatability	<0.3nm
Wavelength Repeatability	<0.01nm
Spectral Resolution (FWHM)	~1% of Central Wavelength
Stray Light Level	< 0.05%
Measurement Time	1-30s
Operating Temperature	5-40 °C

i-Spec Nano by B&W Tek



A Word of Caution

<https://www.consumerphysics.com/myscio/>



A Word of Caution

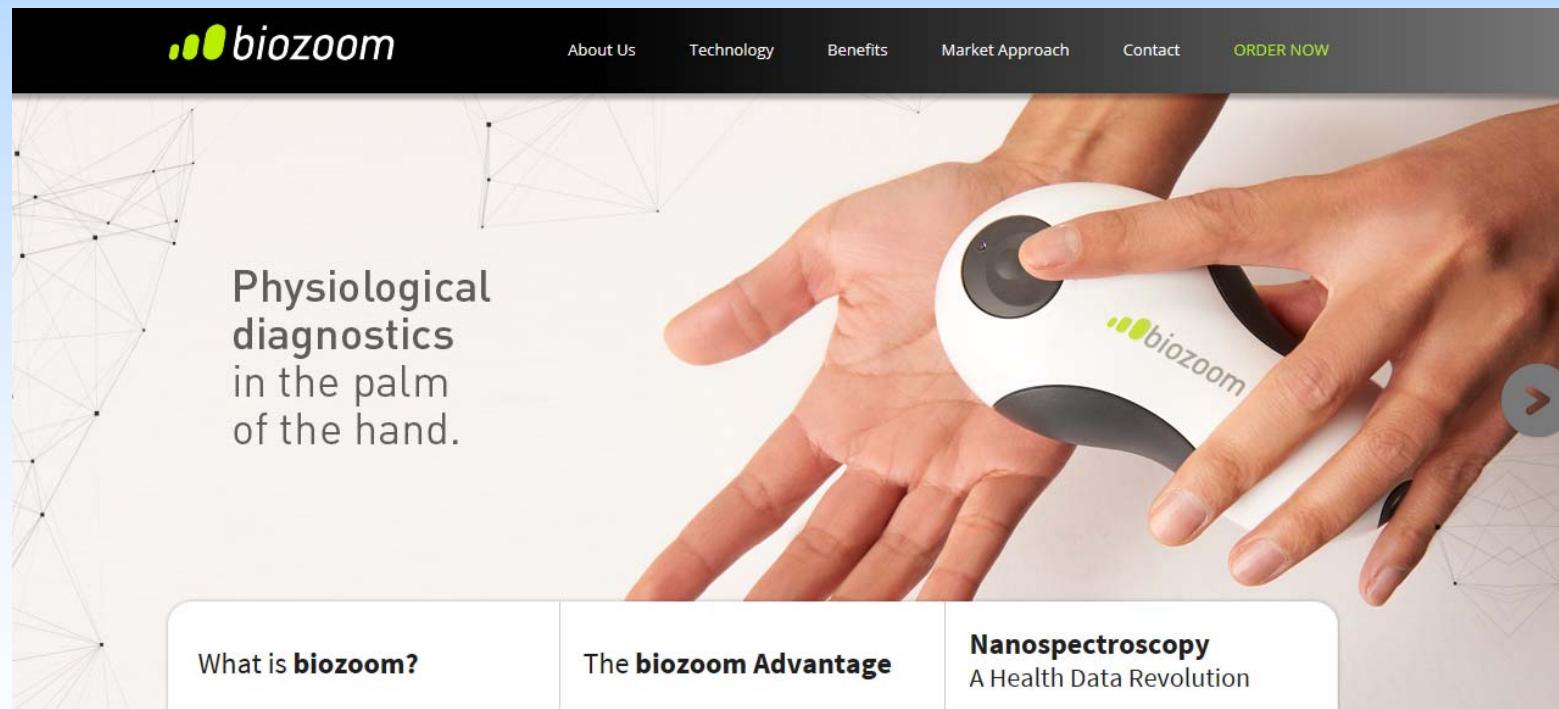
<http://tellspec.com/>



A Word of Caution

<http://biozoom.net/de/>

A Health Data Revolution



Conclusions

NIR spectroscopy has become a mature and extremely versatile technique that can be applied to solve a multiplicity of research and quality/process control problems.

Despite this positive development a further improvement of the acceptance and recognition of this technique can be achieved by:

- intensified communication between spectroscopists, agro- and food-oriented users and chemometrists
- better understanding of the basic issues (band assignments, spectra pretreatments, use of alternative techniques, etc.).

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Uhlmann VisioTec, Laupheim, Germany

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